# LEGAL WHEN USING PHIN

**IEEE PHM 2014 Zhangjiajie City** 

### LIABILITY - RESPONSIBILITY - DUTY

Who is our customer?

To whom do we owe a duty?



# WHETHER OR NOT TO USE PHM – IS IT AN OPTION?

**Customer Expectations** 

Legal Issues

#### COULD WE BUILD A CAR WITHOUT . . .

An oil temperature sensor?

A fuel gauge?

A tire pressure alert?

A collision alert system?

Other safety sensors?

# CONSIDER ...

An jet aircraft without turbine vibration sensors?

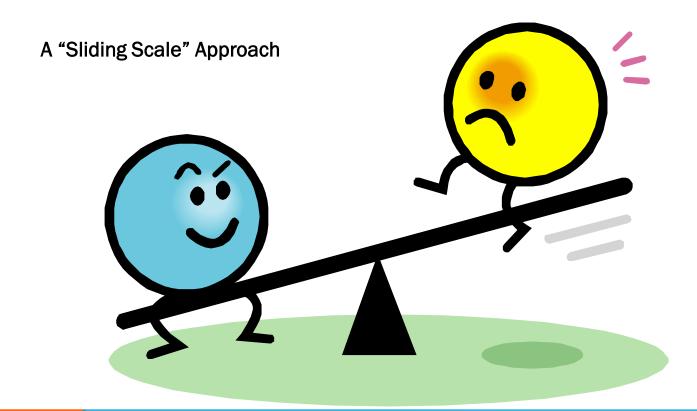


# OR, CONSIDER . . .

A Li-ion battery charging system without a heat sensor?



# **COST – BENEFIT – SAFETY - LIABILITY**



# **UNDERSTANDING "LIABILITY"**

**LIABILITY** 

责任

#### "LIABILITY" - WHAT DO WE MEAN?

# RESPONSIBILITY FOR REMEDY OR HARM Lost Money

- Warranty & Contract Claims
- Consumer & Regulatory Claims

Lost Reputation (In the Marketplace ~ In the Workplace)

Lost Market Share ~ Lost Employment ~ Lost Freedom?

# **INADEQUATE PHM IS COSTLY**

#### UNRELIABLE PRODUCTS / SYSTEMS EXPOSE SELLER TO LIABILITY

- A Warranty Creates Liability
- A Sales Contract or Agreement Creates Liability
- Regulations, Codes and Statutes Create Liability
- Criminal Liability

DELAYED DISCOVERY OF PROBLEM EXPANDS LIABILITY

PHM ENABLES EARLY DETECTION AND CORRECTION
OF RELIABILITY AND SAFETY ISSUES

#### "LIABILITY" - BROADER MEANING

## **CONSEQUENCES OF POOR RELIABILITY**

#### Infrastructure

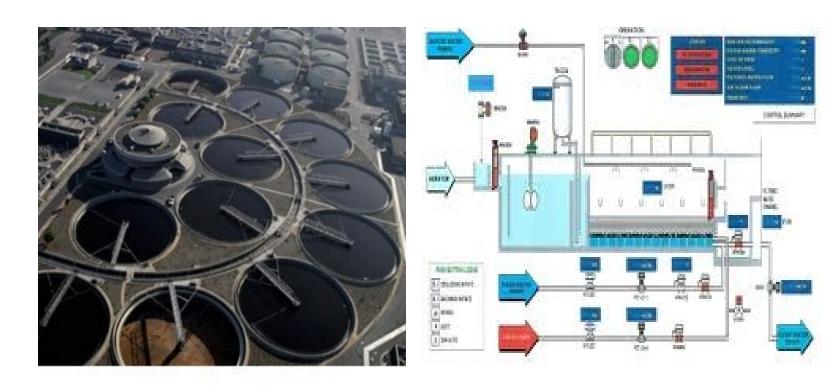
Power Generation, Water Treatment, Mass Transit

Loss of Life, Health & Social Stability

# **WASHINGTON DC RAIL CRASH: 2010**



# **WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT**



# **BRITISH PETROLEUM - GULF OF MEXICO**



# SPACE SHUTTLE CHALLENGER EXPLOSION



#### DOES PHM ELIMINATE THE RISK OF LIABILITY?

No.

If PHM is to be utilized in a product or system, then it must be employed with skill.

# NEGLIGENCE LIABILITY (玩忽职守的责任)

- (1) A Duty or Obligation is Owed;
- (2) The Duty or Trust is Breached / Broken;
- (3) Harm Results from the Breach of Trust; and
  - (4) The Person Breaching the Trust is Responsible for the Harm that is Caused.

### DATA COLLECTION

What conditions should be monitored?

What monitoring methods should be used?

#### **DATA ANALYSIS**

What analytical method is best?

- Model-based
  - Data driven
- Fusion approach

Should we use the same models and analysis throughout the life of the product or system?

## **OUT-OF-DATE TOOLS & ANALYSIS**

Failure to evolve leads to liability.

What worked yesterday may not work well today.

Negligence to ignore current best practices.

# WHAT IF PHM FAILS TO PREDICT / PREVENT A FAILURE AND HARM RESULTS?

- I want to see the raw data.
- I will ask PHM experts to analyze the data.
- I will ask whether there was some model or algorithm that might have predicted and prevented the harm.
  - If there is / are analytical tools that could have detected the problem, then I will blame those responsible for the use of stale PHM data collection or analysis for the resulting harm.

#### **CONCLUSIONS**

- PHM technology is constantly evolving.
- What worked yesterday may not be suitable today.
- Customers expect best PHM practices to be used.
  - Failure to stay current with new PHM methods is negligent and creates liability.

#### **CONCLUSIONS**

This is why we are all here – To learn from one another so that:

- Our practices meet current best practices, and
  - We reduce the risk of liability.

## **CONCLUSIONS**

Thank You

&

Welcome to IEEE PHM